nnr- difficult to cure, while those which are due to their com erted action (Sannipatika) baffle all medicinal remedies.

The deranged bodily Vayu, aggravated by its own exciting factors, produces a kind of Pre-digestionary colic, \vhichiscalledParinama Shula (Gastralgia). This disease is so named from the fact that the colic is brought on after the ingested food is considcraoly dige.sted in the stomach and close before the completion of the proceess of digestion. The nature of an attack, which is usually experienced at the advanced stage, and before the completion, of the process of digestion, may be determined with regard to the pre-dominance of the deranged Vayu, Pittam, or Kaphah, acting as its exciting cause. In the Vataja form of Parin£ma Shula tympanites with a rumbling sound in the belly, suppres-sion of the stool and urine, malaise and rigour are the symptoms that are usually developed. The pain in this type is relieved by the use of hot, emulsive food. Ingestion of pungent, acid, or saline articles of fare may be set down as the exciting cause of a case of Pittaja type of this disease, which is characterised by thirst, malaise, and perspiration with a burning sensation in the body. It shows signs of marked amelioration under cold applications and cooling measures in general. Nausea, vomiting, and epileptic fits are exhibited in ihe Kaphaja type of this disease. The pain continues long and becomes persistent and is relieved

by the use of bitter, pungent articles of fare. The presence of specific features of any two of the deranged V£yu, Pittam, etc., in a particular case of Parinama Shula, indicates its origin through the agency of those two morbific principles of the body, while that of the specific features of-all the there Doshas points tc its Sannipatika origin, a case of the latter type being always regarded as incurable, in as much as it produces emaciation of the body and entirely impairs ' the digestive faculty of the patient. The type of colic which comes on simultaneously with the commencement of